

BIG IDEA | TOTAL COST

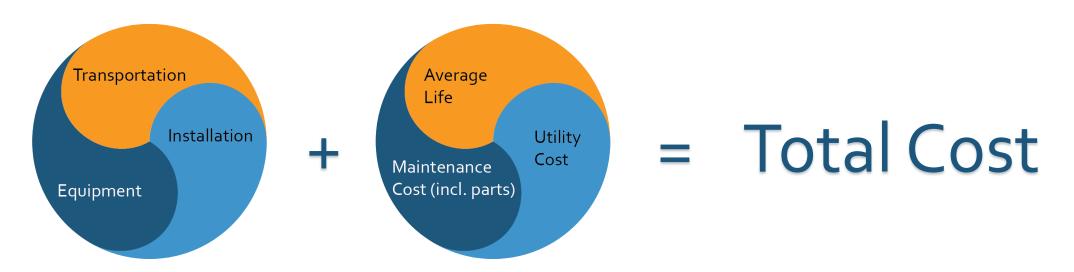


For any project that consumes energy, you have two price tags.

The UPFRONT COST (initial capital cost) includes equipment, installation, transportation minus any incentives.

The ONGOING COST includes energy costs, plus maintenance and repairs over the life of the equipment. When comparing between equipment, we also need to consider the average life of the equipment (how long it will last). This is an important part of AFFORDABILITY for residents.

TOTAL COST includes all the upfront costs plus ongoing costs.



TOTAL COST EXAMPLE: LIGHTING



Option	Upfront Cost	Annual Ongoing Cost (8hrs / day, 365 days / yr @ 9 (4 kWh)	Average Life	Total Cost
CFL Bulb	\$3.50 / bulb	14 W/h = \$3.68/yr	9 yrs	Lifetime Cost \$3.50+(\$3.68 x 9) = \$36.62 Compared to LED \$36.62 x 2.4 = \$87.89
LED Bulb	\$5.25 / bulb	9.5 W/h = \$2.50/yr	22 yrs (2.4 x longer)	Lifetime Cost 5.25+(\$2.50/yr x 22) = \$60.25

For simplicity, we left out transportation, installation, and maintenance. The bulbs provide the same amount of light and we have assumed that the colour quality is equal as well.

UTILITY BILLS | ELECTRICITY



Whether you're with BC Hydro for FortisBC Electric, you'll see the same charges on your bill.

BASIC CHARGE: per day charge to cover the costs of infrastructure.

ENERGY CHARGE: also called a consumption charge. This is displayed in kilowatt hours (kWh) and is the amount of electricity used during the billing period. This bill shows a step rate, meaning if you use more than a basic amount, you will be charged at a higher rate. Make sure you're using the correct step rate for calculating electricity savings.

You may also see GST and municipal or regional levies depending on where you are in the province.

Bill details

May 16, 2020 to Jul 16, 2020

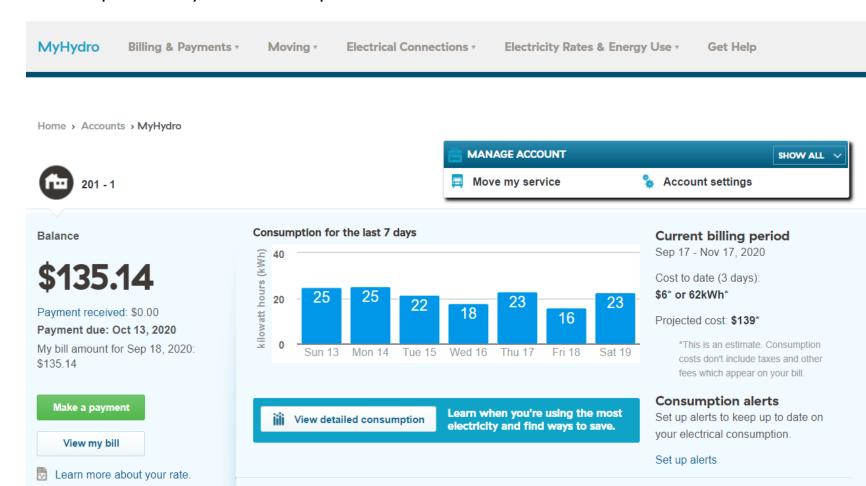
TOTAL DUE	\$178.61
ELECTRICITY CHARGES SUBTOTAL	\$88.50
* GST 5% on \$84.29	\$4.21
Regional transit levy: 62 days @ \$0.0624 /day	\$3.87*
Customer Crisis Fund charge: 62 days @ \$0.0043 /day	\$0.27*
Step 2: 0 kWh @ \$0.1403 /kWh	\$0.00
ENERGY CHARGES Step 1: 720 kWh @ \$0.0935 /kWh	. \$67.32*
Basic Charge 62 days @ \$0.2069 /day	\$12.83*
Based on Residential Conservation Rate 1101 May 16, 2020 to Jul 16, 2020	
ELECTRICITY CHARGES	
BALANCE FORWARD	\$90.11
PREVIOUS BILLING PERIOD Previous bill	. \$90.11

ACCESSING MY HYDRO ACCOUNT



Both BC Hydro and FortisBC Electric have on-line portals. To set up on-line access you first have to create a profile, and then link your account to your profile. In addition to managing your bill payments, you can see the consumption history for that electricity meter and access tools to help reduce your consumption.

As the Housing Manager, if residents are paying the electricity bills, you can ask them to link your profile to their account (so you can see their consumption history) OR you can ask them to download a report of their consumption history. This is valuable information for calculating the financial benefits of energy efficiency.



UTILITY BILLS | NATURAL GAS

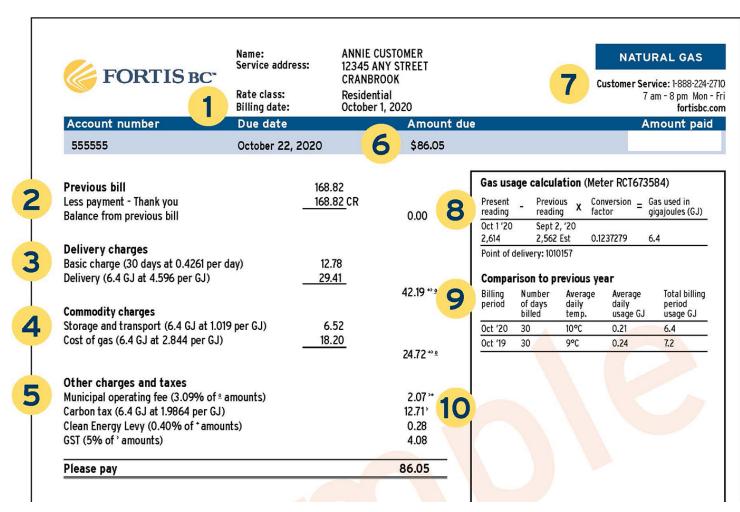


There are two natural gas utilities in British Columbia: FortisBC and Pacific Northern Gas. Both natural gas utilities will have the same charges on their bills.

Delivery charges include a per day charge to cover the costs of infrastructure called the basic charge plus a TRANSPORTATION CHARGE to deliver the gas to your residence. The transportation charge is per Gigajoule (GJ) of natural gas used in the billing period.

Commodity charges include a per GH charge for STORAGE AND TRANSPORT plus a per GH CONSUMPTION CHARGE for natural gas used in the billing period.

Finally you'll see other charges and taxes, including a per GJ CARBON TAX. Add up all the per GJ charges to get an accurate rate.



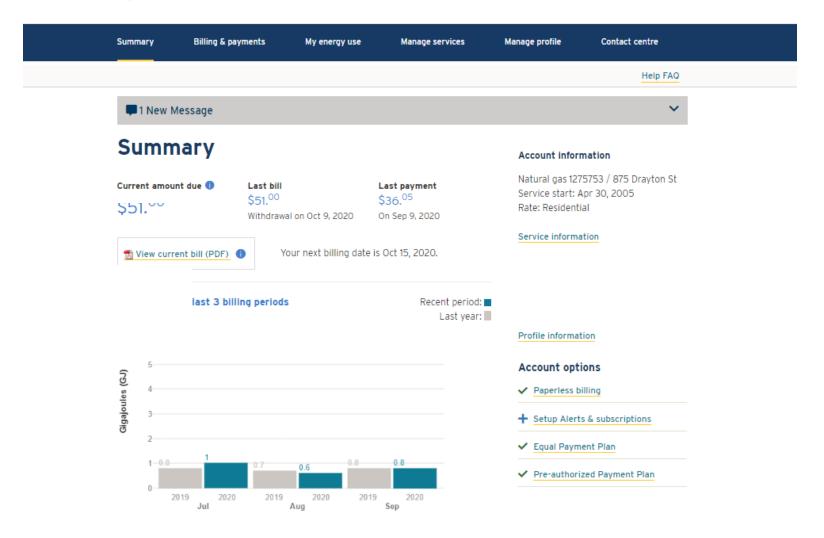
ACCESSING YOUR GAS ACCOUNT



FortisBC also has on-line account services where you can see you consumption history and access reports. Housing Manager's can also link to these accounts.



Account Online



CASE STUDY | SQUAMISH HOME



A 40-year old, 1,800 square foot home has a gas-fired forced air furnace original to the house that needs to be replaced. They pay \$9.46 per gigajoule (GJ) of natural gas and \$9.35 per kilowatt hour (kWh) of electricity.

Option 1: Repair & Replace Later

- \$2,000/yr for repairs
- -
- 75% AFUE
- 61 GJ/yr of gas
- 7,500 kWh/yr of electricity

Option 2: Replace with Efficient Gas Model

- \$5,000 installed
- \$800 incentive*
- 95% AFUE
- 21% reduction in gas
- No change in electricity

Option 3: Replace with Heat Pump

- \$15,000 installed
- \$10,000 incentive**
- -
- 100% reduction in gas
- 50% increase in electricity

AFUE is annual fuel utilization efficiency

- * \$1,000 incentive is available for greater than or equal to 97% AFUE
- ** for eligible Indigenous communities and fuel switching projects only; smaller incentives available province-wide

COMPARISON | UP FRONT COST



Option	Equipment Cost - Installed	Incentive	Total Up Front Cost	Incremental (Additional) Cost
Maintenance (Minimum Option)	\$2,000	\$ O	\$2,000	-
Energy Efficient Renovation	\$5, 000	-\$800*	\$4,200	\$2,200
HP Renovation	\$15,000	-\$10,000	\$5,000	\$3,000

At a minimum, the furnace needs to be repaired, so the homeowner must spend at least \$2,000. The INCREMENTAL COST is the additional cost to the homeowner compared to their minimum viable option.

COMPARISON ONGOING COST



Option	Electricity (kWh)	Electricity (@\$o.og35/kWh)	Natural Gas (GJ)	Natural Gas (@\$9.46/GJ)	Ongoing Cost / year
Maintenance (Minimum Option)	7,500 kWh / yr	\$701.25	61GJ / yr	\$577.06	\$1,278.31
Energy Efficient Renovation	7,500 kWh / yr	\$701.25	40 GJ / yr	\$378.40	\$1,079.65
HP Renovation	11,250 kWh/yr (50% increase)	\$1,051.88	o GJ	\$ 0	\$1,051.88

Assumption for simplicity is that maintenance costs are relatively equal. Of note: energy costs are total consumption charges only – not basic charges.

BIG IDEA | SIMPLE PAYBACK



SIMPLE PAYBACK is the calculation of how many years it will take the energy savings to pay back the incremental (additional) cost of the energy efficient option. If the simple payback is shorter than the average life, you'll save money over the life of the equipment.

Simple Payback =

Total Cost
Annual Ongoing Savings

Option	Incremental (Additonal) Cost	Ongoing Cost /Yr (Utilities)	Annual Savings	Simple Payback	
Maintenance (Minimum Option)	-	\$1,278.31	-	-	
Energy Efficient Renovation	\$2,200	\$1,079.65	\$198.66	11 years	
HP Renovation	\$3,000	\$1,051.88	\$226.43	13.2 years	

BIG IDEA | GHG EMISSIONS



NON-MONETARY COSTS AND BENEFITS are the impacts of your decisions that are difficult to put a dollar figure on, but may still influence your decision. Greenhouse gas emissions (GHG's) are an example of a non-monetary cost. Increase GHG emissions contribute to climate change which has a negative impact on the environment and our communities.

GHG EMISSION FACTORS

	Electricity	Natural Gas	Light Fuel Oil	Propane	Diesel	Wood
GHG Intensity / GJ of Energy (kg of CO ² e)	0.11	49.87	67.68	67.68	69.95	23.48

COMPARISON | GHG EMISSIONS



Option	Electricity (kWh)	Electricity Savings (kWh)	GHG Savings from Electricity (0.396 g of CO ² e/W)	Natural Gas (GJ)	NG Savings (GJ)	GHG Savings from NG (49.87 kg of CO²e /GJ)	Total GHG Savings
Do Nothing	7,500 kWh / yr	0	0	61GJ/yr	0	0	0
Energy Efficient Renovation	7,500 kWh / yr	Ο	0	40 GJ / yr	21 GJ	1,047 kg	1,047 kg
HP Renovation	11,250 kWh/yr	-3,750 kWh	-1.48 kg	o GJ	61 GJ	3,042 kg	3,041 kg







For the Fraser Basin Council's First Nations Home EnergySave program,



With financial support from:







